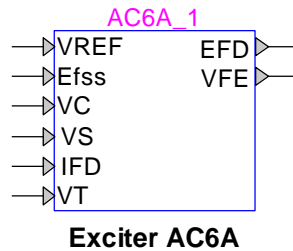


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Tshibain Tshibungu, Jean Mahseredjian, 6/7/2018 7:15 AM

1 Description

This device is an implementation of the IEEE type AC6A excitation system model. This device is implemented as described in [1]. Implementation details can be viewed by inspecting the subcircuit of this device.

1.1 Pins

This device has 8 pins:

Pin name	Type	Description	Units
VREF	Input	Reference voltage of the stator terminal voltage	pu
Efss	Input	Steady-state field voltage at $t = 0$, for initialization	pu
VC	Input	Terminal voltage of synchronous machine, transducer output	pu
VS	Input	Power System Stabilizer signal	pu
IFD	Input	Field current	pu
VT	Input	Terminal voltage of synchronous machine	pu
EFD	Output	The field voltage signal	pu
VFE	Output	Signal proportional to exciter field current	pu

1.2 Parameters

The default set of parameters can be found in [1].

1.2.1 Data tab

The parameters on the Data tab are:

1. **Gain K_A** : voltage regulator gain
2. **Time constant T_A** : voltage regulator time constant
3. **Time constant T_K** : voltage regulator lead time constant

4. **Maximum regulator output V_{Amax}** : maximum regulator voltage output
5. **Minimum regulator output V_{Amin}** : minimum regulator voltage output
6. **Maximum regulator output V_{Rmax}** : maximum regulator voltage output
7. **Minimum regulator output V_{Rmin}** : minimum regulator voltage output
8. **Time constant T_B** : time constant of the lead-lag compensator
9. **Time constant T_C** : time constant of the lead-lag compensator

1.2.2 Exciter tab

The exciter tab allows to input:

1. **Gain K_E** : exciter gain
2. **Time constant T_E** : exciter time constant
3. **Time constant T_H** : exciter field current limiter time constant
4. **Time constant T_J** : exciter field current limiter time constant
5. **Field current feedback limit V_{HMAX}** : exciter field current feedback limit
6. **Field current limit reference V_{FELIM}** : exciter field current limit reference
7. **Demagnetizing factor K_D** : demagnetizing factor
8. **Rectifier loading factor K_C** : rectifier loading factor
9. **Voltage V_{E1}** : The exciter voltage point which is near the exciter ceiling voltage
10. **Voltage V_{E2}** : The exciter voltage point which is near 75% of V_{E1}
11. **Saturation function output $SE_{V_{E1}}$** : The exciter saturation function value at V_{E1}
12. **Saturation function output $SE_{V_{E2}}$** : The exciter saturation function value at V_{E2}

The exciter saturation function is defined as

$$S_E = A_{EX} e^{B_{EX} E_{FD}} \quad (1)$$

which gives the approximation saturation for any E_{FD} (exciter output voltage). According to [2] (see pages 562 and 563), the coefficients A_{EX} and B_{EX} can be found from:

$$A_{EX} = \frac{S_{V_{E2}}^4}{S_{V_{E1}}^3} \quad (2)$$

$$B_{EX} = \frac{4}{V_{E1}} \ln \left(\frac{S_{V_{E1}}}{S_{V_{E2}}} \right) \quad (3)$$

In the literature [2] $V_{E1} = V_{E_{max}}$ and $V_{E2} = V_{E_{0.75max}}$.

2 Initial conditions

The reference voltage V_{REF} can be manually or automatically set by connecting or not connecting the input signal V_{REF} , respectively. When V_{REF} is not connected (the signal is zero), the reference voltage is internally found from the steady-state solution. When V_{REF} is connected, its initial value must match the per unit steady-state voltage of the stator terminal voltage, since otherwise the generator voltage will not start at the actual steady-state.

3 References

- [1] "IEEE Recommended Practice for Excitation System Models for Power System Models for Power System Stability Studies," IEEE Standard 421.5-2005.
- [2] P. M. Anderson and A. A. Fouad, "Power system control and stability", second edition, IEEE Press, Wiley Interscience, 2003.