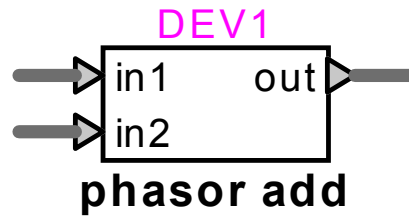


# Phasor operation : phasor add



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## 1 Description

This device adds two vectors or phasors represented by 2-signal bundles of their polar coordinates.

### 1.1 Pins

This device has three pins:

<i>pin</i>	<i>type</i>	<i>description</i>	<i>units</i>
in1	2-signal bundle	input-1 magnitude	any
		input-1 angle	rad
in2	2-signal bundle	input-2 magnitude	same as in1_mag
		input-2 angle	rad
out	2-signal bundle	output magnitude	same as in1_mag
		output angle	rad

### 1.2 Parameters

No parameters are required for this device.

### 1.3 Input

The input pins may be connected to any control signals.

### 1.4 Output

The outputs are the polar coordinates of the sum of the two input vectors.

The operation is immediate, and is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{in1\_x} &= \text{in1\_mag} \cdot \cos(\text{in1\_rad}) \\ \text{in1\_y} &= \text{in1\_mag} \cdot \sin(\text{in1\_rad}) \\ \text{in2\_x} &= \text{in2\_mag} \cdot \cos(\text{in2\_rad}) \\ \text{in2\_y} &= \text{in2\_mag} \cdot \sin(\text{in2\_rad}) \\ \text{out\_x} &= \text{in1\_x} + \text{in2\_x} \\ \text{out\_y} &= \text{in1\_y} + \text{in2\_y} \\ \text{out\_mag} &= \sqrt{\text{out\_x}^2 + \text{out\_y}^2} \\ \text{out\_rad} &= \tan^{-1}(\text{out\_y} / \text{out\_x}) \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$